











Introduction

It is ongoing joke that most St. Paul's College students want to attend Hong Kong University because they already know the bus routes. Routinely, when F6 students were quizzed on where they planned their tertiary education, they pointed across the road to HKU.

It's true, a number of our students do attend HKU, and about 70% of our students do their post-secondary schooling here in HK. However, there is no question that the goal posts have been shifted- even students who are confident of gaining admission to Hong Kong universities routinely apply to overseas universities in order to maximise their educational opportunities. Now, about 30% of our graduating students attend university overseas, and the number is growing. Hong Kong is Asia's World City, and overseas degrees, particularly in specialised fields, are attracting some of SPC's elite graduates.

So, it is very pleasing to see this initiative from the SPCAA Mentorship Group to compile a guide to the most common destinations for SPC graduates. The best information is that which is 'hands-on' and first person, current experience, and that is what this compilation contains. The College Careers Team is so pleased that Marco Leung (Australia). Vincent Wong (Canada), Horace Yu (United Kingdom), and Trevor Kwong – who can do no wrong – (United States) all took the time and effort to share their reflections and included the hard data to go with them.

Form 5 Mentees are now coming into the most important part of their decision-making before entering the 3rd and final year of DSE. Now is the time to be sure that you have explored all options, checked that your testing requirements, whether for DSE, SLP, OLE, JUPAS, UCAS, Common App, IELTS, SAT or ENTER, have been readied and understood.

Whether you are planning to go to UK, USA, Australia, Canada, the mainland- or even taking the bus across the road to HKU – the key will be information. And you are fortunate to have mentors and current university students who are working to make sure that you have the best preparation possible.

Mr. W. F. Ryan

Careers Master





Summary

This booklet aims to present a "quick and dirty" overview on the cost and benefit of studying in different geographies. In order to compile this information pack, we have invited alumni who are current living abroad to share their honest considerations when weighting various further education options. Additionally, we have also asked them to give us a reasonable estimate of the cost breakdown for studying in different places. By showing "high", "medium" and "low" estimates, we hope this booklet would be a helpful resource for students who're considering studying abroad. We'd like to take this opportunity to express our deepest gratitude to Horace, Marco, Trevor and Vincent for their painstaking effort in detailing all the valuable information. It is very moving to see how St Paul's Spirit connects across generations.

Note on the Guide

From each of the selected country (Australia, Canada, UK and US), we have invited a young alumni share their experience in deciding where to study overseas. These qualitative comments are extremely valuable, for they jointly presents most of the key considerations one has to think though before deciding studying overseas. The comments are relatively straightforward and should give you a head start on planning.

The cost estimates, however, are a little more complicated. Whilst we have shown different spending levels to illustrate an indicative range of expense, one has to bearing in mind that the cost can vary greatly depending on situations. In particular, we would like to point out some major factors that you should keep in mind when budgeting your expenses:

- 1. Education system honour degree in Australia, Canada & US are for 4 years, while it is 3 years in UK. The costs presented below are per annum, so you'll have to multiply the number with appropriate number of years to obtain the all-in-cost.
- 2. City vs country generally big cities such as New York or London are way more expensive then smaller city /country town such as Michigan or Leeds. The cost differentials are reflected in both tuition fee and as daily expense such as accommodation, transport or food.
- 3. Local school fee local tuition fee is usually multiple times cheaper than international student fee. However, you'll see in the note that having a passport does not necessarily mean that one can enjoy local fee. It is very important to confirm one's eligibility when calculating the budget.
- 4. Subject generally science subject has higher tuition fee and sometimes additional laboratory equipment fee. Tuition fee for professional subject such as medicine also tends to be higher.





In any case, the information are only a starting point of your research, you should certainly approach your mentor, friends or teacher if you have specific questions. Good luck!



Name University Subject Marco Leung [Class of 2010 (5A), 2012 (7A)] University of Sydney Speech Therapy 2014-2018



Why did you decide studying abroad?

Health Science is one of the best subjects in University of Sydney, the oldest university in Oceania. After Form 7, I chose to study in Australia because of the reputation of both of the university and the department. Unlike Hong Kong, Health Science is a professional degree in Australia, which means that I can obtain an international licence upon graduation. Having this internationally recognised licence means that it'll be easier for me to find a job compared to studying in Hong Kong. In addition, the number of student in-take under Health Science in Australian university is higher, from a university application perspective it is also easier to get in compared to Hong Kong. Therefore, if the family can afford overseas study, it is always a good chance to explore the world.

Country / school / subject which is most important?

Subject is the most important among all. Subject comes first because there are always three to four years for each course. If student is not interested in the subject, it is hard to achieve good grades. Different universities have different strengths and weaknesses. Therefore, we should not make the decision purely based on the ranking of the university. As to which country, it should always be a consideration because the expenses and the geographical location (and the implied time zones and climate) makes a meaningful difference.

Do you regret going overseas?

Never have I regretted studying overseas. It is not easy to leave home and start a new life in a different country. However, this is a valuable lesson to overseas students to try handling their life and works on their own – for example, students have to cook their meals and clean their rooms. At the end, whatever is the experience, it is going to be very different from what they have had in Hong Kong, assuming most of the students have parents helping in many aspects of their life decision making. Studying overseas is also an experience to meet people from different countries and culture. In sum, the value that students gain from studying overseas is under-appreciated compared to the financial cost.





Estimated Cost for Studying in Australia (Sydney)

| Item | Low | Medium | High | Note |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| Tuition | 30,960 | 40,000 | 62,880 | Australian passport holders can enjoy the local benefit while international students have to pay full cost. The tuition fee varies depending on what subject students take in university. The tuition fee is to be paid before the start of the year, and sometimes it can be in form of instalment payment. Other financial aids are available but uncommon amongst international students. |
| Accommodation | 9,600 | 14,400 | 17,760 | You may be provided accommodation (College Halls) in your first year of study. International students have low chance to get a place in College Halls. However, there are external dorms nearby available for leasing to international students. The accommodation fee is usually paid quarterly if you are living in college halls and monthly if you are renting apartments. The cost of accommodation in Sydney is around 1.5 times that of other places in Australia. |
| Books | 300 | 340 | 500 | Students can also buy second-hand textbooks online /at the university book store at a lower price. Most of the textbooks are available at the school library for students who do not wish to buy the textbook, but you have to be quick at the beginning of the term in order to get a copy. It is possible to sell back textbooks to bookstores or to students below your class, which should lighten the burden a little as well. |
| Food | 3,600 | 5,400 | 7,200 | Cost of food in Sydney is more expensive than other areas in AUS. Most students prefer to cook to reduce cost. The differences are reflected in the lowest case scenario. |
| Plane tickets | 2,000 | 3,000 | 4,000 | Assuming that students fly home every semester. The earlier you book your tickets, the cheaper they will be. |
| Transport | 960 | 1,200 | 2,400 | Travel cost in Sydney is far more expensive than other areas in AUS. Note that some students prefer to travel by bike to reduce cost. Student discount is not available in AUS except MyMulti 2 (local multi-journey travel ticket). |
| Entertainment and miscellaneous | 800 | 1,200 | 1,600 | This refers to taking trips during breaks / going to movies, etc. |
| Annual total (AUS) Annual total (HKD) | 48,220 390,582 | 65,540 530,874 | 96,340 780,354 | Reference exchange rate: 1AUD=HKD8.1 |







Name University Subject

Vincent Wong [Class of 2007 (5E), 2009 (7C)] University of British Columbia Engineering Physics 2010-2014



Why did you decide studying abroad?

Being keen on Physics and how technology works, I could not find an ideal university program in Hong Kong. More importantly, I found that doing research in Hong Kong would be a tough path as resource is limited. Then I heard of the Engineering Physics program in UBC. I was fascinated by the combination of engineering skills and Physics knowledge it could provide, so I decided to leave my hometown for UBC. I also believed that I could brush up my English, and meet people from all around the world.

Country / school / subject which is most important?

From the view of a science/engineering student, I would rank the importance of these three in the following order:

- (1) School The reason I pick school as the most important concern is related to subject. Even you are not sure what you want to major in, you should at least know what the school can provide you to explore more. You can look into the activities and resources they have in the school, like the type of engineering student teams or research facilities they have.
- (2) Country One would expect culture shock when he/she studies abroad, but choosing a different country can change things a lot. Some countries would have very different culture from Hong Kong, whereas one might hardly notice any difference in some other countries. Even among cities in the same country, the culture could be very different. Vancouver, where I live in now, is an example of which lies in the middle of the spectrum. Here, you can find Chinese food easily, while you still get to meet people from all around the world.
- (3) Subject Though this is ranked the last, but it is really important to choose a subject you enjoy. However, in most schools, students do not have to choose their major in the first year. One can explore more about different fields within the faculty before becoming specialized. Besides, some majors could have intensive courses. One should learn about the curriculum to have a better understanding of the major.

Do you regret going overseas?

Not at all! I highly recommend going overseas which is great for personal growth. Living out of my comfort zone, I have learned to take care of myself. It's an excellent experience to learn how to fit into this world with cross-cultural and interpersonal communication. To me, if I haven't studied in UBC, I wouldn't have found out I want to become a physicist in the rest of my life!





Estimated Cost for Studying in Canada (Vancouver)

| Item | Low | Medium | High | Note |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Tuition | 20,000 | 30,000 | 40,000 | This is the tuition fee for international students. For Canadian students, it's one-fifth of this. |
| Accommodation | 7,000 | 9,500 | 12,000 | Usually the more people you live with, the cheaper housing becomes. The cost of living in college dormitories is in the medium range. Units are usually shared among 2 or 4 students. Also, the farther you are from campus, the cheaper housing becomes. Studios (1 person apartments) are the most expensive and can cost 1,000 CAD per month. |
| Food | 2,400 | 3,000 | 4,000 | These cases assume that in a semester (or 4 months equivalently), students eat 2.5 meals a day. Eating in a dining hall or restaurant costs about 6-7CAD per meal. Cooking yourself would significantly reduce this expense, to perhaps 3-4 CAD per meal. Schools offer meal plans to students, but they are usually more expensive. |
| Plane tickets | 2,200 | 3,200 | 4,000 | Assuming that students fly home every semester. The earlier you book your tickets, the cheaper they will be, but round trip tickets will seldom drop below 900 CAD. |
| Entertainment and miscellaneous | 400 | 800 | 1,600 | This refers to taking trips during breaks / going to movies, etc. Obviously there is flexibility in this. Dine-out and skiing activities increase the expensse a lot. |
| Books | 300 | 800 | 1,400 | Students can buy used textbooks or rent textbooks from the university book store at a lower price (\sim 25% off for used textbooks, and \sim 50% off for rental). An alternative is buying international editions of textbooks online, which are often >60% cheaper. It is possible to sell back textbooks to bookstores at the end of the semester. |
| Annual total (CAD) Annual total (HKD) | 32,300 242,250 | 47,300 354,750 | 63,000 472,500 | Reference exchange rate: 1CAD=HKD7.6 |







Name University Subject Horace Yu [Class of 2011 (5F), 2012 (7C)] Imperial College, University of London Mathematics with Statistics for Finance 2012-2015



Why did you decide studying abroad?

I was given unconditional offers from both universities in HK and UK - Quantitative Finance at HKUST and Mathematics at Imperial College London. In the end, I decided to study abroad mainly for two reasons:

- 1. <u>International Exposure</u> Studying abroad has really given me an opportunity to experience different cultures. For instance, I lived with European students and worked with them in group projects.
- 2. Recognition Reputation of the university definitely helps me in terms of job application since this serves as one of the most important criteria when recruiters shortlist candidates for interviews.

Nevertheless, I have been very concerned with the cost of studying abroad. Tuition fee could take up to \$200,000 per annum, not to mention the living cost in a relatively expensive country. I eventually consulted many people including my parents, teachers, alumni, and even to come up with a simple conclusion - i.e. money spent on education would never be wasted. It would provide you an unforgettable and unique journey.

Country / school / subject which is most important?

It seems to me that "country" is not the most important factor after all. Nonetheless, the structures of education systems in different countries may affect your decision. UK universities have less optional courses to choose from, and a double major or a minor degree would not be possible. Also, you have to declare major subject before entering universities in UK, unlike US.

School is important in the sense that the environment and the people will last with you for a couple of years. Some universities may have an extremely tense study atmosphere with a lot of talented students. Generally, the more competitive the environment, the more pressure and challenges you would have to face. Realistically, the reputation of your school do affect in many ways including finding your graduate job.





the same out of universities in Hong Kong (I never went to university in Hong Kong so I just don't know), but for me, going overseas was a life changing experience.





Yet, it also depends largely on how well you have done at university- i.e. your grade at university. That is why "subject" become the most important factor. If you have chosen a subject according to your genuine interest or strength, you surely can perform well. I understand how difficult it is especially when you have no exposure in many subjects available at university. Therefore it is important to do your own research on the subject and try to speak to people who did a similar course. I am sure you can find one through talking to our alumni.

Do you regret going overseas?

I had momentarily questioned my decision especially when I had to do all the housework on my own. Going overseas is definitely a challenge to a lot of Hong Kong students who are over-protected by parents. Yet, I see that as an opportunity to learn and grow. All in all, I am very happy with my university life and I honestly believe you would feel the same as I do if you study overseas.

Estimated Cost for Studying in UK (London)

| Item | Low | Medium | High | Note |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--|
| Tuition | 16,000 | 20,000 | 24,000 | The fee stated is based on the international fee. Students who have their UK passport this does not mean that they are entitled to local fee. You are only entitled to local fee if your parents had paid local tax and you need to live in UK for a number of years. Financial aid is available but uncommon amongst international students. |
| Accommodation | 4,800 | 7,800 | 10,800 | You will usually be provided student accommodation in your first year of study. However, universities based in London would not provide accommodation from second year onwards due to lack of spaces. This is unlike other places in UK such as Cambridge, Oxford. The cost of accommodation in London is around 1.5 times that of other places in UK. The medium and high case refers to the cost of living in London. |
| Food | 2,400 | 5,400 | 7,200 | The cost of food in London is more expensive than other areas in UK. College halls seldom offer meal plans to students except universities in Cambridge and Oxford. Most students prefer to cook to minimise the cost of food and is reflected in the low case. |
| Plane tickets | 1,700 | 2,000 | 2,400 | Assuming that students fly home every term. The earlier you book your tickets, the cheaper they will be. |
| Transport | 240 | 600 | 960 | Travel cost in London is far more expensive than other areas in UK. Note that some students prefer to travel by bike to reduce transportation cost. Student discount is available in London. |
| Books | 200 | 400 | 500 | Students can buy second hand textbooks from Amazon / the university book store at a lower price. Most of the textbooks are available at the school library for students who do not wish to buy textbooks. It is possible to sell back textbooks to bookstores or to students below your class, which should lighten the burden a little as well. |
| Entertainment and miscellaneous | 400 | 1,200 | 1,600 | This refers to taking trips during breaks / going to movies, etc. Air tickets to other European countries can be very cheap. |





| Annual total (GBP) | 23,740 | 37,400 | 4/,400 | |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| Annual total (HKD) | 316,602 | 460,020 | 583,758 | Reference exchange rate: 1GBP=HKD12. |

Name University Subject

25 740

Trevor Kwong [Class of 2007 (5F), 2008 (6B)]

Cornell University

Economics, Government 2008-2012



Why did you decide studying abroad?

Though I was a science student during my time at SPC, I was never convinced that I knew exactly what I would like to study in university, except that it will probably not be art. The curriculum of the US colleges offers me the opportunity to explore different subject areas for up to two years before deciding what to major in. This flexibility was one of the determining factors for me.

Country / school / subject which is most important?

It's difficult to say which one is the most important, but I could put in my two cents for each of the three options:

Country – for people like me who never lived abroad before studying overseas, I believe it doesn't make a difference which country I end up in. The culture is going to be entirely foreign to me anyway. The real difference comes down to the education systems: for instance, in the US, most universities take 4 years to complete, while in the UK universities take 3 for the most part; while degrees like law and medicine are postgraduate degrees in the US, they are available at the undergraduate level in the UK; the US curriculum offers students more flexibility, while the British one allows students to be very focused from the start. It really is a personal choice.

School – your university experience will be defined by who you are surrounded by. Driven students and faculty stimulate personal and intellectual growth, and open doors to different opportunities

Subject – unless you are going for a particular profession that requires specialized training – law / medicine / engineering / architecture, what you study really doesn't matter as long as you develop your ability to think critically, and do well. In my opinion, universities are the best places to explore different interests. I highly encourage students to take classes of interest even if they might not seem immediately 'practical'. In fact, one of the best classes I ever took in university was one (Spanish) that I had absolutely no need for.

Do you regret going overseas?

Absolutely not. I met so many talented, friendly and hardworking individuals abroad that I quickly realized not only how competitive but also how diverse the world really is. Living abroad also forced me to become more independent since my family is literally on the other side of the planet. The academics were challenging at times, but I learned a lot more about my subjects and myself. I am not saying that one could not get





Estimated Cost for Studying in US (New York)

| Item | Low | Medium | High | Note |
|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---|--|
| Tuition | 31,000 | 34,000 | 42,000 | At some schools, international students are eligible for financial aid, which could lower the burden, but this is |
| | | E 2 E | | more of an exception than the norm. Some schools offer merit based scholarships as well for particularly talented |
| | | | | students. |
| | | | | Public universities are usually more affordable than private universities. Public university semesterly fees can be |
| | | | | as low as ~USD15,000, but private university semesterly tuition could be as expensive as >USD20,000. |
| | | | | For American citizens, tuition for in-state residents (i.e. for California residents going to university in California) is significantly cheaper than tuition for out-of-state residents. |
| Boarding | 7,000 | 8,000 | 10,000 | Usually the more people you live with, the cheaper housing becomes. In college dormitories, it is common to |
| 54 | Vi. • -1500Y307-0 | | , | share a room with 1-2 roommates. Also, the farther you are from campus, the cheaper housing becomes. |
| | | | | Studios (1 person apartments) are the most expensive and can cost >USD1,000 per month. |
| Food | 3,000 | 4,900 | 6,000 | Medium case assumes that there are 14 weeks in a semester, students eat 2.5 meals a day at dining halls / |
| | | | | restaurants at 10 USD each. Cooking yourself would significantly reduce this expense, to perhaps USD3-4 per |
| | | | | meal. |
| Plane tickets | 1,800 | 2,400 | 3,000 | Schools often offer meal plans to students as well, but they are not necessarily cheaper. |
| | | 2,100 | 3,000 | Assuming that students fly home every semester. The earlier you book your tickets, the cheaper they will be, but round trip tickets will seldom drop below USD900. |
| Entertainment and | 1,000 | 2,000 | 3,000 | This refers to taking trips during breaks / going to movies, etc. Obviously there is flexibility in this. |
| miscellaneous | | | | In certain states such as California or Texas, driving can be a necessity. Students would have to buy car |
| | | | | insurance, a car, pay for gas, pass the driver's license exam and in some cases, purchase parking permits from the |
| Books | 200 | 500 | 600 | Students con also have second hard to the last Students con all the last |
| Doore | 200 | 500 | 000 | Students can also buy second hand textbooks from Amazon / the university book store at a lower price. International editions of textbooks are often >60% cheaper as well. |
| | | | | Usually professors will put a few copies of the textbooks on hold (short term loans) at the school library for |
| | | | | students who do not wish to buy textbooks. |
| | | | | It is possible to sell back textbooks to bookstores at the end of the semester, which should lighten the burden a |
| | | | | little as well. |
| Annual total (USD) | 44,000 | 51,800 | 64,600 | |
| Annual total (HKD) | 343,200 | 404,040 | 503,880 | Reference exchange rate: 1USD=HKD7.8 |















Appendix: Cost of Studying in HK















Estimated Cost for Studying in HK

| Item | Low | Medium | High | Note |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--|
| Tuition | 42,000 | 65,000 | 80,000 | Tuition fees for government-funded university programme is C. HKD42,000 p.a. School fees of self-funded programmes are calculated by the number of credits you have taken in one semester. In the case of City University, each credit equals to \$2,500 and each course consist of 3 credits. Students normally need 60 credits in order to complete their studies and most of them take 5 courses (15 credits) each semester. It means that if students take more than 5 courses each semester, they may take less in upcoming semesters. Some programmes offer 'credit-transfer' in recognition of students' academic qualification in their previous subdegree programmes (Associate degree / Higher Diploma). Students may be offered a transfer of no more than 12 credits (4 courses). Credit-transfer works when the university believes that the student has studied similar courses equivalent to their courses in the programmes' curriculum. Students who have credits transferred may pay a lower school fee and all decisions are made solely by the university. |
| Books | 1,000 | 2000 | 3,000 | Students can buy textbooks in the university bookstore during the first few weeks to enjoy a discount. Some books are also available online so students can print them freely (City University offers 1,600 printing quotas each year) and some professors encourage students to obtain an online copy. Also, quite a lot of introductory courses do not require textbook. |
| Hall | 0 | 6,000 | 9,000 | This is not applicable to all students, and this affects mostly on students' spending on transport and food. Generally, students in self-financed courses are not eligible to apply for student accommodation. |
| Food | 14,000 | 19,000 | 24,000 | This category includes daily food expenses on meals and snacks, hence it may vary greatly according to personal habit and geographical factor. |
| Transport | 4800 | 8400 | 12000 | Again, this depends on personal factors and if you are offered a place in hall. |
| Entertainment and miscellaneous | 6,000 | 12,000 | 18,000 | This includes hanging and dining out with friends, going to movies, joining activities, etc., and it enables us keeping in touch with friends and socialising. |
| Annual total (HKD) | 67,800 | 112,400 | 146,000 | |

Note: Accommodation in campus or hall, is not applicable to all students. In general, this affects spending on food, transport and entertainment. Moreover, the above table includes tuition costs of studying in government-funded and self-financed courses, so it aims at providing a cost range of studying in HK for reference and comparisons.

非本地升學 Non-local Further Education

領事館、專員公署或非牟利機構一覽表

A list of consulates, commissions/non-profit-making organisations of different countries

較多香港學生前往留學的地方 More popular places of study#:

英國 United Kingdom

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation: 英國文化協會 British Council

電話 Tel.: 2913 5100

圖文傳真 Fax: 2913 5102

電郵 E-mail:

enquiries@britishcouncil.org.hk http://www.britishcouncil.org.hk/

地址: 香港金鐘法院道3號

網址 Website:

www.educationuk.org/hongkong

Address: 3 Supreme Court Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong

總領事館 Consulate-General:

英國駐香港總領事館 British Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2901 3000

網址 Website: www.gov.uk/government/world/hong-kong

地址:

香港金鐘法院道1號

Address: 1 Supreme Court Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong

簽證申請資料: Visa Application information:

網上申請及預約辦理(供身處英國境外的學生使用)Online application and appointment booking for students outside the UK www.visa4UK.fco.gov.uk

申請程序及香港申請的參考資料 Application procedures and further information relating to Hong Kong applications http://www.ukba.homeoffice.gov.uk/countries/hong-kong/

英國邊境事務處官方網站 UK Border Agency (UKBA) website: www.ukba.homeoffice.gov.uk/visas-immigration/studying/

澳洲 Australia

官方網站 Official Websites:

留學澳洲官方網站 Study in Australia website: www.studyinaustralia.gov.au

留學澳洲官方網站(香港專版) Study in Australia website (Hong Kong page):

www.studyinaustralia.gov.au/hongkong

總領事館 Consulate-General:

澳洲駐香港總領事館 Australian Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2827 8881

圖文傳真 Fax: 2585 4457

電郵 E-mail:

enquiries.hongkong@dfat.gov.au 網址 Website: www.hongkong.china.embassy.gov.au

地址: 香港灣仔港灣道 25 號海港中心 23 樓

Address: 23/F, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

簽證申請 Visa Application:

澳洲駐香港總領事館 - 移民及邊境保衛部

Department of Immigration and Border Protection of the Australian Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2585 4139

圖文傳真 Fax: 2585 4459

電郵 E-mail: immigration.hongkong@dfat.gov.au

www.immi.gov.au/students (學生簽證 visa) 網址 Website:

美國 USA

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation:

EducationUSA Advising Center [只有英文名稱 English name only]

(中心不對外開放,只提供電話及電郵諮詢服務。The center is not open to the public. Only phone

and email enquiries are available.)

電話 Tel.: 2841 2402

圖文傳真 Fax: 2845 0735

電郵 E-mail:

hkeducationusa@state.gov

網址 Website:

http://educationusa.hk/

Facebook:

www.facebook.com/USAinHKMacau

總領事館 Consulate-General:

美國駐香港總領事館 U.S. Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2523 9011

圖文傳真 Fax: 2845 1598

雷郵 E-mail:

information resource center hk@yahoo.com

地址:

香港花園道 26 號

Address: 26 Garden Road, Hong Kong

網址 Website: hongkong.usconsulate.gov

簽證申請 Visa Application:

雷話 Tel.: 5808 4666

網上諮詢系統 Web-based

information system:

http://ustraveldocs.com/

視頻 Video: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dLnH9uRiZjs

中國內地 Mainland China

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation:

京港學術交流中心 Beijing-Hong Kong Academic Exchange Centre

電話 Tel.: 2893 6355

圖文傳真 Fax: 2834 5519

電郵 E-mail:

bhkaec@bhkaec.org.hk

網址 Website:

www.bhkaec.org.hk

地址:

香港北角英皇道83號聯合出版大厦1404-05室

Unit 1404-05, SUP Tower, 83 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong Address:

内地部分高等院校免試招收香港學生計劃

Scheme for Admission of Hong Kong Students to Mainland Higher Education Institutions

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation

中國教育留學交流(香港)中心 China Education Exchange (HK) Centre

電話 Tel.: 2542 4811

圖文傳真Fax: 2815 9393

地址:

香港上環德輔道中272-284號興業商業中心23樓2305室

Room 2305, 23/F, Hing Yip Commercial Centre, 272-284 Des Voeux Road Central, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong Address:

加拿大 Canada

官方教育網址

Official Education Website:

www.educationau-incanada.ca

總領事館 Consulate-General:

加拿大駐香港總領事館 Canada Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 3719 4700

圖文傳真 Fax: 2810 6736

電郵 E-mail:

hkong@international.gc.ca

網址 Website:

www.hongkong.gc.ca

地址:

香港中環康樂廣場 8號交易廣場一期 12-14 樓

Address: 12-14/F, Tower 1, Exchange Square, 8 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong

簽證申請 Visa Application:

有關學生簽證的詳情,請瀏覽以下網址 For details of visa application, please visit the following website:

www.canadainternational.gc.ca/hong kong/visas/study-etude.aspx?lang=eng&view=d

其他留學地方 Other places of study ^:

孟加拉國 Bangladesh

總領事館 Consulate-General:

孟加拉國駐香港總領事館 Consulate General of the People's Republic of Bangladesh

電話 Tel.: 2827 4278/9

圖文傳真 Fax: 2827 1916

電郵 E-mail:

bangladt@netvigator.com

地址:

香港銅鑼灣駱克道 491 號京都商業中心 13 樓

13/F, Kyoto Plaza, 491 Lockhart Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong Address:

法國 France

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation:

法國教育中心 CampusFrance Hong Kong Office

電話 Tel.: 3752 9974

圖文傳真 Fax: 3752 9908

電郵 E-mail: 網址 Website:

hongkong@campusfrance.org www.hongkong.campusfrance.org

地址: 香港金鐘夏慤道 18號海富中心第二座 25樓

25/F, Tower II, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong Address:

總領事館 Consulate-General:

法國駐港澳總領事館 Consulate General of France in Hong Kong and Macau

電話 Tel.: 3752 9900

圖文傳真 Fax: 3752 9901

網址 Website: www.consulfrance-hongkong.org

地址:

香港金鐘夏慤道 18 號海富中心第二座 26 樓

Address:

26/F, Tower II, Admiralty Centre, 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong

德國 Germany

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation: 德意志學術交流中心 German Academic Exchange Service

地址: 九龍九龍塘香港浸會大學教學及行政大樓 11 樓 1126 室

Address: Room 1126, 11/F, Academic & Administration Building, Hong Kong Baptist University, Kowloon Tong, Kowloon

總領事館 Consulate-General: 德國駐香港總領事館 German Consulate General Hong Kong

Address: 21/F, United Centre, 95 Queensway, Hong Kong

日本 Japan

總領事館 Consulate-General: 日本駐香港總領事館 Japan Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2522 1184 圖文傳真 Fax: 2868 0156 網址 Website: <u>www.hk.emb-japan.go.jp</u>

地址: 香港中環康樂廣場 8 號交易廣場第一座 46 樓及 47 樓

Address: 46-47/F, One Exchange Square, 8 Connaught Place, Central, Hong Kong

澳門 Macau

諮詢機構 Consulting Organisation: 澳門高等教育輔助辦公室 Tertiary Education Services Office, Macau

地址: 澳門羅理基博士大馬路 614A-640 號龍成大廈 5-7 樓

Address: Avenida do Dr. Rodrigo Rodrigues n.ºs 614A - 640, Edificio Long Cheng, 5.º a 7.º andares, Macau

荷蘭 Netherlands

總領事館 Consulate-General: 荷蘭駐港澳總領事館 Netherlands Consulate General in Hong Kong SAR and Macao SAR, China

電話 Tel.: 2599 9200 圖文傳真 Fax: 2868 5388 電郵 E-mail: <u>information@netherlands-cg.org.hk</u>

地址: 灣仔港灣道 23 號鷹君中心 24 樓 2402B 室 網址 Website: www.hollandinhongkong.org

Address: Room 2402B, 24/F, Great Eagle Centre, 23 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

新西蘭 New Zealand

Hong Kong

官方教育網址
Official Education Website: http://www.studyinnewzealand.com

總領事館 Consulate-General: 新西蘭駐香港總領事館 New Zealand Consulate-General Hong Kong

網址 Website: www.nzembassy.com/hong-kong

地址: 香港灣仔港灣道 18 號中環廣場 6501 室 Address: Room 6501 Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai,

簽證申請 Visa Application: 新西蘭簽證申請中心 New Zealand Visa Application Centre

地址: 香港灣仔告士打道 128 號祥豐大厦 14A 室 網址 Website: http://www.nzembassy.com/hong-kong/going-new-zealand/vi

Address 14A, Neich Tower, 128 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Sas Hong Kong

新加坡 Singapore

Consulting Organisation: 新加坡旅遊局 Singapore Tourism Board 諮詢機構

電話 Tel.: 2598 9290 圖文傳真 Fax: 2598 1040 網址 Website: www.singaporeedu.gov.sg

香港銅鑼灣時代廣場 1座 30樓 3011室 地址:

Unit 3011, 30/F, Tower 1, Times Square, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong Address:

總領事館 Consulate-General: 新加坡駐香港總領事館 Singapore Consulate-General Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 2527 2212 圖文傳真 Fax: 2866 1239 電郵 E-mail: singeg hkg@sgmfa.gov.sg

www.mfa.gov.sg/hongkong 網址 Website:

地址: 香港夏慤道 18號海富中心一座 9樓 901室

Unit 901, 9/F, Admiralty Centre Tower I, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

瑞士 Switzerland

總領事館 Consulate-General: 瑞士駐香港總領事館 Consulate General of Switzerland in Hong Kong

電話 Tel.: 3509 5000 圖文傳真 Fax: 3509 5050 電郵 E-mail: hon.vertretung@eda.admin.ch

www.eda.admin.ch/hongkong 網址 Website:

地址: 香港灣仔港灣道 18 號中環廣場 6206-07 室

Suite 6206 - 07, Central Plaza, 18 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong Address:

Taiwan

諮詢機構 Consulting 台北經濟文化辦事處九龍辦公室(海華服務基金) [只有中文名稱 Chinese name only]

Organisation:

電話 Tel.: 2332 3361-4 圖文傳真 Fax: 2770 6182 電郵 E-mail: highwise@teco.org.hk

網址 Website: www.overseas.ncnu.edu.tw

地址: 香港九龍尖沙咀彌敦道 101 號海防大廈 701-3 室

Address: Room 701-3, Hai Phong Mansion, 101 Nathan Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Hong Kong

台北經濟文化辦事處(香港) Taipei Economic and Cultural Office (Hong Kong) 簽證申請 Visa Application

電話 Tel.: 2525 8316 圖文傳真 Fax: 2868 5460 / 2868 5481 電郵 E-mail: permit@teco.org.hk

網址 Website: www.teco.org.hk

香港金鐘道89號力寶中心第1座4樓 地址:

4/F, Tower One, Lippo Centre, No.89 Queensway, Hong Kong Address:

其他國家 Other Countries

可向有關國家駐港領事館或專員公署查詢。

Please consult the respective Consulates or Commissions of the countries in Hong Kong.

#資料來源: 香港學生前往香港以外留學的地方是根據政府統計處主題性住戶統計調查第四十六號報告書

(2011) 表 3.2b 所示受歡迎程度排序

Places of study related to Hong Kong students studying outside Hong Kong are arranged in accordance Sources of with the order of popularity listed on the Table 3.2b of Thematic Household Survey Reports 46 (2011), information:

Census and Statistics Department

^ 其他留學地方以英文字母排序。 Other places of study are arranged in alphabetical order.